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# Web Development and Database Administration

## Level V

### Based on March, 2022 Version-I



**Module Title: Researching and applying emerging web technology trends**

**Module Code: EIS WDDBA M01 1224**

**Nominal Duration: 60 Hours**

**Prepared by: Ministry of Labor and Skill**

**September, 2024**

**Addis Ababa, Ethiopia**

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## Acknowledgment

The Ministry of Labor and Skills (MoLS) would like to express its gratitude and appreciation to the instructors and experts from regional TVT bureaus, TVT colleges, and industry practitioners who contributed their expertise and experience in preparing the training module for **Research and Apply emerging web technology trends**.

Once again, our heartfelt thanks go out to the entire team for their unwavering commitment in developing this training module for **Researching and applying emerging web technology trends**. Your dedication and expertise have laid the foundation for future vocational education and training endeavors.

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## Acronym

- **DHCP - Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol**
- **DNS - Domain Name System**
- **FTP - File Transfer Protocol**
- **HTTP - Hypertext Transfer Protocol**
- **IoT - Internet of Things**
- **IP - Internet Protocol**
- **LAN - Local Area Network**
- **MAN - Metropolitan Area Network**
- **MPLS - Multiprotocol Label Switching**
- **OHS - Occupational Health and Safety**
- **PAN - Personal Area Network**
- **SDI - Software-Defined Infrastructure**
- **SSL/TLS - Secure Sockets Layer / Transport Layer Security**
- **TCP/IP - Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol**
- **UPS - Uninterruptible Power Supply**
- **VoIP - Voice over Internet Protocol**
- **VPN - Virtual Private Network**
- **WAN - Wide Area Network**

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## Introduction to Module

In today's rapidly evolving digital landscape, staying abreast of emerging web technology trends is essential for developers, businesses, and consumers alike. These trends encompass a wide range of innovations, from progressive web applications (PWAs) and responsive design technology. By researching and applying these advancements, organizations can enhance user experience, improve performance, and streamline processes. As web technologies continue to transform how we interact with information and services, embracing these trends not only fosters innovation but also positions entities to remain competitive in an increasingly digital world. Understanding and leveraging these technologies is critical for maximizing potential and driving future growth..

### This module covers the units:

- Emerging web technology trends and their uses
- New web technology trends in a portfolio
- New information Analysis
- System Specifications and Standards

### Learning Objective of the Module

- Identify emerging web technology trends and their uses
- Implement of new web technology trends in a portfolio
- Analyze new information
- Confirm System Specifications and Standards

### Module Instruction

For effective use this modules trainees are expected to follow the following module instruction:

1. Read the information written in each unit
2. Accomplish the Self-checks at the end of each unit
3. Perform Operation Sheets which were provided at the end of units
4. Do the “LAP test” giver at the end of each unit and

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## Unit one: Emerging web technology trends and their uses

This unit is developed to provide you the necessary information regarding the following content coverage and topics:

- Web Technology Trends and Applications
- Selecting Optimal Web Technologies for Database-Driven Startups
- Browser Compatibility and Performance Optimization

This unit will also assist you to attain the learning outcomes stated in the cover page. Specifically, upon completion of this learning guide, you will be able to:

- Review new developments in web technologies.
- Identify appropriate technologies for specific needs.
- Evaluate various web browsers

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## 1.1. Web Technology Trends and Applications

The fast-paced nature of technology demands that developers keep up with innovations to remain relevant. Reviewing new developments involves actively seeking information from reliable sources and understanding how these trends impact web development practices.

- **Key Resources for Staying Updated**

One of the most trusted platforms for developers is the Mozilla Developer Network (MDN). It provides comprehensive guides on the latest web technologies, such as WebRTC (Web Real-Time Communication) for live video and voice communication. For instance, MDN's resources on WebRTC explain how to integrate video calling features into an application, which is particularly useful for industries like telehealth and e-learning.

The World Wide Web Consortium (W3C) is another vital resource, offering updates on global web standards. For example, developers can learn about the new Web Accessibility Guidelines (WCAG), ensuring their websites are accessible to users with disabilities. Keeping track of such standards is essential for creating inclusive digital experiences.

Community-driven platforms like Stack Overflow and Hacker News offer insights into real-world challenges and innovative solutions. For instance, a trending discussion on Hacker News might highlight the growing use of Vite.js, a modern build tool that provides faster development workflows compared to older tools like Webpack.

- **Practical Example**

A developer building an online learning platform might discover from MDN that Progressive Web Applications (PWAs) can offer offline capabilities, enabling students in low-internet areas to access lessons. Implementing service workers based on MDN guidelines can help create a seamless user experience.

### A. WebAssembly (Wasm)

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WebAssembly is a binary instruction format for the web that allows for high-performance applications.

- **Performance Boost:** Wasm executes code significantly faster than JavaScript, enabling near-native performance for web applications. This is particularly beneficial for demanding applications like games, video editing, and 3D graphics.
- **Cross-Platform Compatibility:** Wasm is designed to be portable and run efficiently across different browsers and operating systems.
- **Language Interoperability:** Wasm can be generated from various programming languages, such as C, C++, Rust, and Go, expanding the range of tools and technologies available for web development.

## B. WebXR

WebXR is a JavaScript API that provides a unified interface for accessing augmented reality (AR) and virtual reality (VR) capabilities within web browsers.

- **Immersive Experiences:** WebXR enables developers to create immersive web experiences that blend the physical and digital worlds.
- **Accessibility:** WebXR makes AR and VR more accessible to a wider audience by leveraging the power of web browsers.
- **Innovation:** WebXR is driving innovation in areas such as e-commerce, education, training, and entertainment.

## C. Serverless Computing

Serverless computing allows developers to build and run applications without managing servers.

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- **Scalability and Flexibility:** Serverless functions automatically scale based on demand, eliminating the need to provision and manage infrastructure.
- **Cost-Effectiveness:** Developers only pay for the actual execution time of their code, making serverless computing a cost-effective solution for many applications.
- **Focus on Core Business Logic:** By abstracting away infrastructure concerns, serverless computing allows developers to focus on building and deploying applications more quickly.

#### D. Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Machine Learning (ML) on the Web

AI and ML are increasingly integrated into web applications.

- **On-Device AI:** On-device AI models can perform tasks like image recognition and natural language processing directly within the browser, improving performance and privacy.
- **AI-Powered Web Search:** AI algorithms are enhancing search engines by providing more relevant and personalized results.
- **AI-Driven User Interfaces:** AI is powering new types of user interfaces, such as voice assistants and chatbots, making web interactions more intuitive and natural.

#### E. Progressive Web Apps (PWA) Enhancements

PWAs continue to evolve with new features and capabilities.

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- **Background Sync:** PWAs can now synchronize data in the background, even when the user is offline.
- **Service Worker Improvements:** Service workers are becoming more powerful, enabling developers to create more sophisticated and interactive offline experiences.
- **Web App Manifests:** The Web App Manifest has been enhanced to provide more control over how PWAs appear and behave on the home screen.

## F. Privacy-Preserving Technologies

Privacy is a growing concern on the web. New technologies are emerging to enhance user privacy.

- **Differential Privacy:** Techniques like differential privacy can be used to analyze data while minimizing the risk of individual privacy breaches.
- **Federated Learning:** Federated learning allows AI models to be trained on decentralized data, improving privacy and security.
- **Privacy-Preserving Machine Learning:** New methods are being developed for training and deploying machine learning models while preserving user privacy.

These are just a few of the many exciting new developments in web technology. As these technologies continue to mature, they will undoubtedly shape the future of the web and transform the way we interact with the digital world.

## 1.1. Selecting Optimal Web Technologies for Database-Driven Startups

Choosing the right technology for a project requires a deep understanding of both the available tools and the project's specific requirements. Developers must evaluate frameworks, libraries, and tools to ensure they align with the intended functionality, scalability, and performance needs.

### A. Front-End Technologies

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- **React:** A JavaScript library for building user interfaces. It excels at creating dynamic and interactive components, making it ideal for complex applications. React's component-based architecture promotes code reusability and maintainability. Its large community and extensive ecosystem provide a wealth of resources and libraries.
- **Vue.js:** A progressive JavaScript framework known for its simplicity and ease of use. Vue.js is highly adaptable, allowing developers to gradually integrate it into existing projects. It offers a flexible and intuitive syntax, making it easier to learn and use compared to some other frameworks.
- **Angular:** A comprehensive JavaScript framework developed by Google. It provides a robust structure and a wide range of built-in features, including dependency injection, routing, and state management. Angular offers strong tooling support and a large community, but it can have a steeper learning curve than React or Vue.js.
- **HTML, CSS, and JavaScript:** These are the fundamental building blocks of the web. HTML provides the structure of web pages, CSS handles the styling and presentation, and JavaScript adds interactivity and dynamic behavior. A solid understanding of these core technologies is essential for any web developer.
- **UI Libraries:** UI libraries provide pre-built components like buttons, forms, and navigation bars, accelerating development and ensuring a consistent visual style.
- **Material UI:** Based on Google's Material Design principles, offering a wide range of customizable components.
- **Bootstrap:** A popular and widely used library with a large community and extensive documentation.
- **Tailwind CSS:** A utility-first CSS framework that provides a set of low-level utility classes for building custom user interfaces.

## B. Back-End Technologies

- **Node.js with Express.js:** Node.js is a JavaScript runtime environment that allows you to run JavaScript on the server-side. Express.js is a minimalist and flexible web application

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framework for Node.js. This combination enables fast and efficient development of web applications using a single language (JavaScript).

- **Python with Django or Flask:** Python is a versatile and widely-used programming language.
- **Django:** A high-level web framework that emphasizes rapid development and follows the "batteries-included" philosophy, providing many features out-of-the-box.
- **Flask:** A lightweight and flexible microframework that gives developers more control and flexibility.
- **Ruby on Rails:** A popular Ruby-based framework known for its convention-over-configuration approach, which aims to reduce the number of decisions developers need to make. Rails emphasize rapid development and follows best practices, making it a productive choice for many projects.

### C. Database Technologies

#### Relational Databases (SQL):

- **PostgreSQL:** A powerful open-source relational database known for its advanced features, strong community support, and robust security.
- **MySQL:** A widely-used and popular open-source database, known for its ease of use, performance, and large community.
- **SQL Server:** A commercial database system from Microsoft, offering robust features, strong security, and good performance.

#### NoSQL Databases:

- **MongoDB:** A flexible document-oriented database that stores data in JSON-like documents. It excels at handling unstructured and semi-structured data, making it suitable for applications with evolving data models.
- **Cassandra:** A highly scalable and distributed database designed to handle massive amounts of data across multiple servers. It is well-suited for applications with high write throughput and low latency requirements.
- **Redis:** An in-memory data store that can be used as a cache, message broker, and more. It provides fast data retrieval and is often used to improve the performance of web applications.

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#### D. Cloud Platforms

- **AWS (Amazon Web Services):** The most comprehensive cloud platform, offering a wide range of services, including compute, storage, databases, networking, and more. AWS provides a pay-as-you-go model and a vast ecosystem of tools and services.
- **Azure (Microsoft Azure):** A powerful cloud platform with strong integration with Microsoft technologies. It offers a wide range of services, including virtual machines, databases, and AI/ML services.
- **Google Cloud Platform (GCP):** A highly innovative cloud platform with a strong focus on data analytics, machine learning, and big data. GCP offers a range of cutting-edge technologies and competitive pricing.

#### E. Considerations for Selection

- **Scalability and Performance:** The chosen technologies should be able to handle the anticipated growth of your application in terms of user traffic, data volume, and processing demands.
- **Team Expertise:** Consider the skills and experience of your development team. Choosing technologies that align with their expertise will accelerate development and reduce the learning curve.
- **Community and Support:** Look for technologies with active and supportive communities. This provides valuable resources, such as tutorials, documentation, and forums, which can help you overcome challenges and find solutions.
- **Cost:** Evaluate the cost implications of each technology, including licensing fees, cloud infrastructure costs, and potential development costs.
- **Time-to-Market:** Select technologies that enable rapid development and deployment to quickly validate your business idea and get your product to market.

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## 1.2. Evaluate various web browsers

Web browsers serve as the gateway for users to interact with web applications. Each browser has its unique rendering engine, tools, and features, which developers must understand to ensure compatibility and functionality.

- **Browser Features and Use Cases**

Google Chrome is a popular choice among developers due to its powerful developer tools. For instance, Chrome's Lighthouse tool can analyze a website's performance, accessibility, and SEO, providing actionable insights to improve user experience. A developer working on an online news site might use Lighthouse to optimize loading speeds and ensure that articles are accessible to screen readers.

Mozilla Firefox, with its advanced debugging tools and privacy-first approach, is another valuable option. A developer building a healthcare application can use Firefox to test the site's compliance with privacy regulations, such as blocking trackers and ensuring secure communication.

Safari, commonly used on Apple devices, is indispensable for ensuring compatibility with macOS and iOS ecosystems. For example, a developer designing a mobile-first application must test animations and touch gestures on Safari to create a seamless experience for iPhone users.

Cross-Browser Testing Ensuring that a web application works consistently across browsers is a critical step in the development process. Tools like BrowserStack allow developers to test their applications on different browsers and devices. For instance, testing a responsive website on BrowserStack can reveal layout issues on smaller screens or older browser versions. This helps developers address compatibility problems before deployment.

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### 1.3. Practical Applications and Emerging Trends

- **Implementing Progressive Web Applications (PWAs)**

PWAs combine the best features of web and mobile applications, offering offline functionality, push notifications, and fast load times. For example, a local news website can use PWAs to allow users to read articles offline, ensuring uninterrupted access during internet outages.

- **Adopting Serverless Architecture**

Serverless computing, provided by platforms like AWS Lambda, enables developers to build scalable applications without managing servers. A start-up launching a ride-hailing app can use serverless functions to handle payment processing during peak usage, scaling effortlessly to meet demand without additional infrastructure costs.

- **Experimenting with Tailwind CSS**

Tailwind CSS, a utility-first CSS framework, simplifies styling by using predefined classes. A developer can use Tailwind to prototype a landing page with responsive design and test it across browsers for consistency.

- **Integrating AI Features**

Artificial intelligence is becoming a standard feature in modern applications. For instance, an online shopping website might integrate AI-based recommendation engines to suggest products based on user preferences, increasing customer engagement and sales.

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## Self-check 1.1

**I. Read the statement carefully and if the statement is True say TRUE and If the statement is false say FALSE.**

1. WebAssembly (Wasm) allows for high-performance applications by executing code faster than JavaScript.
2. Progressive Web Applications (PWAs) do not support offline capabilities.
3. WebXR provides a unified interface for accessing augmented reality (AR) and virtual reality (VR) capabilities within web browsers.
4. Serverless computing requires developers to manage servers and infrastructure.
5. The World Wide Web Consortium (W3C) provides updates on global web standards, including accessibility guidelines.

**II. From the given alternatives choose the best answer for the statement**

1. Which of the following is a benefit of using WebAssembly (Wasm)?
  - A) Slower execution than JavaScript
  - B) Cross-platform compatibility
  - C) Limited language interoperability
  - D) Only runs on specific browsers
2. What technology allows developers to build applications without managing servers?
  - A) WebRTC
  - B) Serverless Computing
  - C) Progressive Web Apps
  - D) WebAssembly
3. Which of the following frameworks is known for its utility-first approach to CSS?
  - A) Tailwind CSS
  - B) Bootstrap
  - C) React
  - D) Angular
4. Which organization provides the Web Accessibility Guidelines (WCAG)?

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- A) World Wide Web Consortium (W3C)
  - B) Mozilla Developer Network (MDN)
  - C) Stack Overflow
  - D) Google
5. What is a key feature of Progressive Web Applications (PWAs)?
- A) Requires an internet connection
  - B) Can synchronize data in the background
  - C) Does not support push notifications
  - D) Limited to mobile devices

### III. Explain the following

1. Explain how WebAssembly (Wasm) enhances web application performance.
2. Describe the advantages of using Progressive Web Applications (PWAs) for online learning platforms.
3. What role does the World Wide Web Consortium (W3C) play in web development, particularly regarding accessibility?
4. Discuss how serverless computing can benefit startups in terms of scalability and cost-effectiveness.
5. What are the implications of integrating artificial intelligence (AI) and machine learning (ML) into web applications?

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## Unit Two: New web technology trends in a portfolio

This unit is developed to provide you the necessary information regarding the following content coverage and topics:

- Web Development Implementation and Testing
- Browser Compatibility Testing and Debugging

This guide will also assist you to attain the learning outcomes stated in the cover page. Specifically, upon completion of this learning guide, you will be able to:

- Develop code to apply the chosen web technologies.
- Test web applications across different browsers

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## 2.1. Implement new web technology trends in a portfolio

Staying competitive in web development requires not only knowledge of emerging trends but also the ability to implement these trends effectively in projects. This involves creating robust, maintainable code that integrates the latest technologies and testing applications to ensure compatibility across diverse environments. This section focuses on two critical aspects: developing code to apply chosen web technologies and testing applications across different browsers. These steps are integral to building a portfolio that highlights a developer's technical proficiency and adaptability.

Developing code to integrate new technologies into web applications is the first step in implementation. This involves using modern frameworks, libraries, and coding practices to ensure that applications meet current standards for performance, scalability, and usability.

### 2.1.1. Writing Efficient and Modern Code

When applying new technologies, developers should leverage tools and frameworks that simplify development and enhance performance. For instance, a developer integrating Web Components into a project might use LitElement, a lightweight library for building fast and reusable components. By defining custom elements and encapsulating styles and functionality, developers can create modular, maintainable code.

#### Example:

Suppose a developer wants to build a dynamic weather widget for their portfolio. They can use OpenWeatherMap's API to fetch weather data and display it in a responsive card.

- **HTML Structure:** Defines the layout for the widget.
- **CSS:** Uses CSS Grid for layout and animations for smooth transitions.
- **JavaScript:** Fetches data from the API and dynamically updates the DOM.

#### A. Optimizing Code for Performance

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Performance optimization is a crucial part of coding. Developers can use tools like Webpack to bundle JavaScript files and reduce loading times. Additionally, tree-shaking techniques can eliminate unused code, ensuring that only necessary components are loaded.

### Example:

A single-page application built with React can benefit from lazy loading using the `React.lazy()` function. This ensures that components are loaded only when required, improving page load times.

JavaScript, as the language of the web, has evolved significantly since its inception. While vanilla JavaScript (plain JavaScript without any external libraries or frameworks) is powerful, building complex and scalable web applications with it alone can be challenging. This is where JavaScript libraries and frameworks come into play. They provide pre-written code, architectural patterns, and tools that streamline the development process, improve code organization, and enhance application performance.

## B. JavaScript Libraries and Frameworks

- **Libraries:** Libraries are collections of pre-written functions and objects that you can use in your JavaScript code. They offer specific functionalities, like DOM manipulation (jQuery), date/time manipulation (Moment.js), or data visualization (D3.js). You choose which parts of the library to use and integrate them into your existing code. Think of libraries as tools in a toolbox; you pick the tool you need for a specific task.
- **Frameworks:** Frameworks provide a more comprehensive structure for building web applications. They dictate the architecture, provide conventions, and often include features like routing, state management, and templating. You build your application *within* the framework, following its rules and conventions. Think of a framework as a blueprint for a house; you build the house according to the blueprint.

### 2.1.2. Overview of AngularJS

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AngularJS is a powerful, open-source JavaScript framework primarily used for developing Single Page Applications (SPAs). It enhances HTML with additional attributes, making web applications more dynamic and responsive to user interactions.

#### A. Key Features:

- **Data Binding:** Automatically synchronizes data between the model and the view.
- **MVC Architecture:** Follows the Model-View-Controller design pattern, promoting separation of concerns.
- **Directives:** Custom HTML tags that extend HTML capabilities.
- **Dependency Injection:** Simplifies the development and testing of applications.

#### B. Advantages:

- Facilitates the creation of SPA applications in a clean and maintainable manner.
- Enhances user experience with data binding.
- Enables unit testing and code reusability.

#### C. Disadvantages:

- Security concerns as it is a JavaScript-only framework.
- If JavaScript is disabled, the application becomes non-functional.

AngularJS components, including directives, controllers, filters, and more, providing examples to aid understanding. It is aimed at software professionals looking to develop web applications using AngularJS.

### 2.1.3. Environment Setup for AngularJS

This chapter focuses on the necessary steps to set up the AngularJS library for web application development.

#### A. Key Steps

- **Download AngularJS:**

You can obtain AngularJS from the official website. There are two main options:

- **View on GitHub:** Access the latest scripts.

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- **Download:** Choose between legacy versions (less than 1.2.x) and the latest version (1.3.x), with options for minimized, uncompressed, or zipped files.

- **CDN Access:**

Alternatively, you can use a Content Delivery Network (CDN) to include AngularJS in your project. This method offloads hosting responsibilities and allows for quicker access if users have previously downloaded AngularJS from the same CDN.

**Example Setup:**

To illustrate how to set up AngularJS, here's a simple HTML example:

```
<!doctype html>
<html>
<head>
  <script src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/angularjs/1.3.0-beta.17/angular.min.js"></script>
</head>
<body ng-app="myapp">
  <div ng-controller="HelloController">
    <h2>Welcome {{helloTo.title}} to the world of Tutorialspoint!</h2>
  </div>
  <script>
    angular.module("myapp", [])
      .controller("HelloController", function($scope) {
        $scope.helloTo = {};
        $scope.helloTo.title = "AngularJS";
      });
  </script>
</body>
</html>
```

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## B. Explanation of the Code

- **Include AngularJS:** The AngularJS script is linked in the <head> section.
- **Define the AngularJS App:** The ng-app directive initializes the AngularJS application.
- **Controller Setup:** The ng-controller directive specifies which controller to use for the view.
- **Data Binding:** The expression {{helloTo.title}} binds the model data to the HTML.

When this code runs in a browser, AngularJS will Load and initialize the application, Connect the specified controller to the view and Render the view with data from the model. This setup serves as a foundation for building AngularJS applications, allowing for dynamic and interactive web pages.

## C. First application

Before creating actual *Hello World !* application using AngularJS, let us see the parts of a AngularJS application. An AngularJS application consists of following three important parts:

- **ng-app** : This directive defines and links an AngularJS application to HTML.
- **ng-model** : This directive binds the values of AngularJS application data to HTML input controls.
- **ng-bind** : This directive binds the AngularJS Application data to HTML tags.

The following reveal how AngularJS integrates with HTML

- The ng-app directive indicates the start of AngularJS application.
- The ng-model directive creates a model variable named name, which can be used with the HTML page and within the div having ng-app directive.
- The ng-bind then uses the name model to be displayed in the HTML <span> tag whenever user enters input in the text box.
- Closing </div> tag indicates the end of AngularJS application.

### 2.1.4. Directives

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AngularJS directives are used to extend HTML. They are special attributes starting with **ng-** prefix. Let us discuss the following directives:

- **ng-app directive**

The ng-app directive starts an AngularJS Application. It defines the root element. It automatically initializes or bootstraps the application when the web page containing AngularJS Application is loaded. It is also used to load various AngularJS modules in AngularJS Application. In the following example, we define a default AngularJS application using ng-app attribute of a <div> element.

```
<div ng-app="">
```

```
...
```

```
</div>
```

- **ng-init directive**

The ng-init directive initializes an AngularJS Application data. It is used to assign values to the variables. In the following example, we initialize an array of countries. We use JSON syntax to define the array of countries.

```
<div ng-app="" ng-init="countries=[{locale:'en-US',name:'United States'},
```

```
{locale:'en-GB',name:'United Kingdom'},
```

```
{locale:'en-FR',name:'France'}]">
```

```
...
```

```
</div>
```

- **ng-model directive**

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The ng-model directive defines the model/variable to be used in AngularJS Application. In the following example, we define a model named *name*.

```
<div ng-app="">
```

```
...
```

```
<p>Enter your Name: <input type="text" ng-model="name"></p>
```

```
</div>
```

- **ng-repeat directive**

ng-repeat directive repeats HTML elements for each item in a collection. In the following example, we iterate over the array of countries.

```
<div ng-app="">
```

```
...
```

```
<p>List of Countries with locale:</p>
```

```
<ol>
```

```
<li ng-repeat="country in countries">
```

```
{{ 'Country: ' + country.name + ', Locale: ' + country.locale }}
```

```
</li>
```

```
</ol>
```

```
</div>
```

### 2.1.5. Expression

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Expressions are used to bind application data to HTML. Expressions are written inside double curly braces such as in `{{ expression }}`. Expressions behave similar to `ng- bind` directives. AngularJS expressions are pure JavaScript expressions and output the data where they are used.

- **Using Numbers**

`<p>Expense on Books : {{cost * quantity}} Rs</p>`

- **Using String**

`<p>Hello {{student.firstname + " " + student.lastname}}!</p>`

- **Using Object**

`<p>Roll No: {{student.rollno}}</p>`

- **Using Array**

`<p>Marks(Math): {{marks[3]}}</p>`

### 2.1.6. Controller

AngularJS application mainly relies on controllers to control the flow of data in the application. A controller is defined using *ng-controller* directive. A controller is a JavaScript object that contains attributes/properties, and functions. Each controller accepts `$scope` as a parameter, which refers to the application/module that the controller needs to handle.

`<div ng-app="" ng-controller="studentController">`

...

`</div>`

Here, we declare a controller named *studentController*, using `ng-controller` directive. As a next step, we define it as follows:

`<script>`

```
function studentController($scope) {
  $scope.student = { firstName: "Mahesh", lastName: "Parashar", fullName: function() {
    var studentObject; studentObject = $scope.student;
    return studentObject.firstName + " " + studentObject.lastName;
  }
};
```

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}

</script>

Now we can use studentController's student property using ng-model or using expressions as follows:

Enter first name: <input type="text" ng-model="student.firstName"><br>

Enter last name: <input type="text" ng-model="student.lastName"><br>

<br>

You are entering: {{ student.fullName() }}

### 2.1.7. Table

Table data is generally repeatable. The ng-repeat directive can be used to draw table easily. The following example shows the use of ng-repeat directive to draw a table:

<table>

<tr>

<th>Name</th>

<th>Marks</th>

</tr>

<tr ng-repeat="subject in student.subjects">

<td>{{ subject.name }}</td>

<td>{{ subject.marks }}</td>

</tr>

</table>

### 2.1.8. HTML DOM

The following directives are used to bind application data to attributes of HTML DOM elements:

- **ng-disabled Directive**

Add ng-disabled attribute to an HTML button and pass it a model. Bind the model to a checkbox and see the variation.

<input type="checkbox" ng-model="enableDisableButton">Disable Button

<button ng-disabled="enableDisableButton">Click Me!</button>

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- **ng-show Directive**

Add ng-show attribute to an HTML button and pass it a model. Bind the model to a checkbox and see the variation.

```
<input type="checkbox" ng-model="showHide1">Show Button
<button ng-show="showHide1">Click Me!</button>
```

- **ng-hide Directive**

Add ng-hide attribute to an HTML button and pass it a model. Bind the model to a checkbox and see the variation.

```
<input type="checkbox" ng-model="showHide2">Hide Button
<button ng-hide="showHide2">Click Me!</button>
```

- **ng-click Directive**

Add ng-click attribute to an HTML button and update a model. Bind the model to HTML and see the variation.

```
<p>Total click: {{ clickCounter }}</p></td>
<button ng-click="clickCounter = clickCounter + 1">Click Me!</button>
```

## 2.2. Test web applications across different browsers

Testing ensures that web applications function consistently across various browsers and devices. Each browser has a unique rendering engine, meaning that even minor inconsistencies can lead to significant usability issues. Testing and debugging across platforms are crucial for delivering a polished product.

- **Cross-Browser Testing**

Developers should use tools like BrowserStack, CrossBrowserTesting, or Sauce Labs to test their applications on multiple browsers and operating systems. For example, a developer who has integrated CSS Grid for responsive design might find that older versions of Internet Explorer do not fully support the feature. Using polyfills or fallback layouts ensures compatibility.

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- **Practical Workflow for Testing:**

**Identify Target Browsers:** Determine which browsers are most relevant for the project. For example, an e-commerce platform might prioritize Chrome, Safari, and Edge.

**Run Automated Tests:** Use tools like Selenium or Cypress to automate test cases for consistent behavior.

**Manual Testing:** Manually verify features such as animations and forms to ensure that they render and function as intended.

**Example:**

A portfolio website featuring a custom image carousel must be tested for smooth transitions and responsiveness. Using Chrome’s developer tools, the developer identifies that the carousel’s CSS animations lag on certain devices. Adjustments are made by optimizing the animation keyframes and testing again to confirm improved performance.

- **Ensuring Mobile Compatibility**

With mobile devices accounting for a significant portion of web traffic, developers must ensure applications are optimized for smaller screens. Responsive testing involves tools like Chrome DevTools’ Device Mode, which emulates different screen sizes and resolutions.

**Example:**

A Progressive Web App (PWA) built for offline functionality might include a feature for saving articles. The developer tests the feature on various devices, ensuring that buttons and text fields are appropriately sized and touch-friendly.

- **Debugging and Accessibility Testing**

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Debugging tools like Chrome's Lighthouse not only identify performance issues but also highlight accessibility problems. For instance, if an application fails to provide adequate contrast for text, the developer can adjust CSS styles to meet WCAG guidelines.

### Example:

During testing, a developer notices that certain elements in dark mode do not comply with contrast standards. They use Chrome's accessibility tools to adjust the colors, ensuring that text remains readable under all conditions.

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## Self-Check 2.1

**I. Read the statement carefully and if the statement is True say TRUE and If the statement is false say FALSE.**

1. AngularJS is primarily used for developing multi-page applications.
2. The `ng-app` directive in AngularJS initializes the AngularJS application.
3. Cross-browser testing ensures that applications work consistently across various browsers.
4. JavaScript libraries like jQuery dictate the architecture of an application.
5. Lazy loading in React improves page load times by loading components only when required.

**II. From the given alternatives choose the best answer for the statement**

**1. What does the `ng-model` directive in AngularJS do?**

- A) Initializes AngularJS applications
- B) Defines and binds application data to HTML input controls (Correct)
- C) Manages routing in AngularJS applications
- D) Enhances the performance of AngularJS applications

**2. Which tool can be used to automate cross-browser testing?**

- A) AngularJS
- B) Selenium (Correct)
- C) LitElement
- D) WCAG

**3. What does tree-shaking in Webpack help with?**

- A) Creating animations
- B) Lazy loading
- C) Eliminating unused code (Correct)

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- D) Improving data binding
4. In AngularJS, the ng-repeat directive is used to:
- A) Bind data to HTML input controls
  - B) Initialize AngularJS applications
  - C) Repeat HTML elements for each item in a collection (Correct)
  - D) Optimize application performance
5. Which of the following ensures mobile compatibility in web applications?
- A) Using Chrome's Lighthouse
  - B) Using Chrome DevTools' Device Mode (Correct)
  - C) Implementing WCAG guidelines
  - D) Adding the ng-hide directive

### III. Explain the following

1. Explain how ng-repeat works and provide an example of its use in an AngularJS application.
2. Describe the role of the ng-controller directive and how it interacts with the \$scope object.
3. Why is cross-browser testing important in web development, and what tools can assist in this process?

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## Operation sheet 2.1 : Downloading Angular.JS

### Operation Title: Downloading and use Angular

**Purpose:** To Setting up the foundation for Angular

#### Steps in doing the task

- Go to the official AngularJS website: <https://angularjs.org/1>.
- Click the "Download" button.
- A dialog box will appear, offering various options for downloading the library.
- Choose the desired version (Legacy or Latest) and the file format (minimized, uncompressed, or zipped).
- Click the "Download" button to save the files to your computer.
- Host the downloaded files on your web server.

**Quality Criteria:** Download and use

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## Operation sheet 2.2 : Building interactive user interfaces

### Operation Title: Using directives for data binding, user input, and dynamic content

**Purpose:** To Setting up the foundation for Angular

#### Steps in doing the task

#### Step 1: Define the HTML Structure

- Create an HTML file named *testAngularJS.htm*.
- Include the AngularJS library using the following code in the <head> section:

```
<script src="http://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/angularjs/1.2.15/angular.min.js"></script>
```

- Add a <div> element with the ng-app and ng-init directives. The ng-app directive initializes the AngularJS application. The ng-init directive initializes an array of countries in JSON format:

```
<div ng-app="" ng-init="countries=[{ locale:'en-US',name:'United States'},
{ locale:'en-GB',name:'United Kingdom'},
{ locale:'en-FR',name:'France'}]">

</div>
```

#### Step 2: Define the Input and Binding

- Inside the <div> with the ng-app directive, add a paragraph element (<p>) asking the user to enter their name. Include an input field (<input>) with the ng-model directive to bind the input value to a variable named "name."

```
<p>Enter your Name: <input type="text" ng-model="name"></p>
```

- Add another paragraph element (<p>) and use the ng-bind directive to display the value entered in the input field.

```
<p>Hello <span ng-bind="name"></span>!</p>
```

#### Step 3: Use the ng-repeat Directive

- Add a paragraph element (<p>) to display the text "List of Countries with locale:"

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Create an ordered list (<ol>) to display the countries.

- Use the ng-repeat directive within a list item (<li>) to iterate over the countries array.
- Display the country name and locale for each country using curly braces {{ }}.

<p>List of Countries with locale:</p>

<ol>

<li ng-repeat="country in countries">

{{ 'Country: ' + country.name + ', Locale: ' + country.locale }}

</li>

</ol>

#### Step 4: Run the Example

- Save the *testAngularJS.htm* file.
- Open the *testAngularJS.htm* file in a web browser.

**Quality Criteria:** The output should be look like the following

## Sample Application

Enter your Name:

Hello Mahesh!

List of Countries with locale:

1. Country: United States, Locale: en-US
2. Country: United Kingdom, Locale: en-GB
3. Country: France, Locale: en-FR

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## Operation sheet 2.3 : AngularJS Controller Application

### Operation Title: Creating a simple AngularJS application

**Purpose:** To create a simple AngularJS application

#### Steps in doing the task

##### 1. Create an HTML File:

- Open your text editor and create a new file named studentApp.html.

##### 2. Add the Basic HTML Structure:

```
<html>
```

```
<head>
```

```
<title>AngularJS Controller</title>
```

```
</head>
```

```
<body>
```

##### 3. Insert a Heading:

- Add a heading for your application within the `<body>` tag.

```
<h2>AngularJS Sample Application</h2>
```

##### 4. Set Up the AngularJS Application:

- Create a `<div>` that will hold your AngularJS application. Use the `ng-app` directive to initialize the app and `ng-controller` to define the controller.

```
<div ng-app="" ng-controller="studentController">
```

##### 5. Add Input Fields for First and Last Name:

- Include input fields bound to the model using `ng-model`.

```
Enter first name: <input type="text" ng-model="student.firstName"><br><br>
```

```
Enter last name: <input type="text" ng-model="student.lastName"><br>
```

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#### 6. Show the Full Name:

- Use an AngularJS expression to display the combined full name of the student.

You are entering: {{ student.fullName() }}

#### 7. Define the Controller:

- Inside a <script> tag, define the studentController function, which sets up the student object and the full name function.

```
<script>
```

```
function studentController($scope) {

    $scope.student = {

        firstName: "Mahesh",

        lastName: "Parashar",

        fullName: function() {

            var studentObject = $scope.student;

            return studentObject.firstName + " " + studentObject.lastName;

        }

    };

}
```

```
</script>
```

#### 8. Link to the AngularJS Library:

- Add a script tag to include the AngularJS library from a CDN.

```
<script
src="http://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/angularjs/1.2.15/angular.min.js"></script>
```

#### 9. Complete the HTML Document:

- Close the <div>, <body>, and <html> tags.

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</div>

</body>

</html>

**Quality Criteria:** The output will look like the following

## AngularJS Sample Application

Enter first name:

Enter last name:

You are entering: Mahesh Parashar

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## Operation sheet 2.4 : Creating Table

### Operation Title: Creating Table

**Purpose:** To use the ng-repeat directive to efficiently create tables from data within an AngularJS application.

### Steps in doing the task

#### Step 1: Define the HTML Structure

- Create an HTML file named *testAngularJS.htm*.

In the <head> section, include the AngularJS library using the following code:

```
<script src="http://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/angularjs/1.2.15/angular.min.js"></script>
```

#### Step 2: Add CSS Styling for the Table (Optional)

- Add the following CSS code within <style> tags in the <head> section to style the table.

This code adds borders, padding, and alternating row colors for better readability:

```
<style>
table, th , td {
border: 1px solid grey;
border-collapse: collapse;
padding: 5px;
}
table tr:nth-child(odd) {
background-color: #f2f2f2;
}
table tr:nth-child(even) {
background-color: #ffffff;
```

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}

</style>

### Step 3: Set Up the AngularJS Application and Controller

- Create a <div> element with the ng-app directive to indicate the start of your AngularJS application.

Use the ng-controller directive to specify the controller (studentController in this case) that will manage the data for this part of the view.

```
<div ng-app="" ng-controller="studentController">
```

```
</div>
```

### Step 4: Create the Basic Table Structure

- Inside the <div> with ng-app and ng-controller, create a <table> element.

Add a table row <tr> for the header with table header cells <th> for "Name" and "Marks."

```
<table>
```

```
<tr>
```

```
<th>Name</th>
```

```
<th>Marks</th>
```

```
</tr>
```

```
</table>
```

### Step 5: Use ng-repeat to Populate Table Rows

- Add another <tr> element within the <table>.

Use the ng-repeat directive to iterate over the student.subjects array within this row. This will create a new table row for each subject in the array.

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Within the table row, add table data cells <td> to display the subject.name and subject.marks using double curly braces {{ }} for data binding.

```
<tr ng-repeat="subject in student.subjects">
```

```
<td>{{ subject.name }}</td>
```

```
<td>{{ subject.marks }}</td>
```

```
</tr>
```

### Step 6: Define the Controller

- Create a <script> tag to define the studentController function.

Inside the function, set up the data structure for \$scope.student with properties for firstName, lastName, fees, and subjects. The subjects property is an array of objects, each containing name and marks properties.

You can also define a function fullName within \$scope.student to concatenate the first and last names.

```
<script>
```

```
function studentController($scope) {
```

```
$scope.student = {
```

```
  firstName: "Mahesh",
```

```
  lastName: "Parashar",
```

```
  fees:500,
```

```
  subjects:[
```

```
    { name:'Physics',marks:70},
```

```
    { name:'Chemistry',marks:80},
```

```
    { name:'Math',marks:65 },
```

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```
{name:'English',marks:75},
{name:'Hindi',marks:67}
],
fullName: function() {
var studentObject;
studentObject = $scope.student;
return studentObject.firstName + " " + studentObject.lastName;
}
};
}
</script>
```

### Step 7: Run the Example

- Save the *testAngularJS.htm* file.

Open the file in a web browser.

**Quality Criteria:** The output

**AngularJS Sample Application**

Enter first name:	<input type="text" value="Mahesh"/>	
Enter last name:	<input type="text" value="Parashar"/>	
Name:	Mahesh Parashar	
Subject:	<b>Name</b>	<b>Marks</b>
	Physics	70
	Chemistry	80
	Math	65
	English	75
	Hindi	67

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## Operation sheet 2.5 : HTML DOM

### Operation Title: Manipulating HTML elements dynamically using AngularJS

**Purpose:** manipulate HTML elements dynamically using AngularJS directives for disabling, showing, hiding, and handling click events.

#### Steps in doing the task

##### Step 1: Set Up the HTML Structure

- Create an HTML file named *testAngularJS.htm*.

Include the AngularJS library in the <head> section:

```
<script src="http://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/angularjs/1.2.15/angular.min.js"></script>
```

##### Step 2: Create the AngularJS Application

- In the <body>, create a <div> element with the ng-app directive to initialize your AngularJS application.

```
<div ng-app="">
```

```
</div>
```

##### Step 3: Implement the ng-disabled Directive

- Inside the <div>, create a table (<table>) to structure the elements.

Add a table row (<tr>) with two table data cells (<td>).

- In the first <td>, create a checkbox (<input type="checkbox">) and use the ng-model directive to bind it to a variable named enableDisableButton. This checkbox will control whether a button is disabled or not.
- In the second <td>, add a button (<button>) and use the ng-disabled directive. Set the value of ng-disabled to the variable enableDisableButton. This means the button will be disabled when the checkbox is checked, and enabled when the checkbox is unchecked.

```
<tr>
```

```
<td><input type="checkbox" ng-model="enableDisableButton">Disable Button</td>
```

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	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>የሥራና ክህሎት ሚኒስቴር</b> <b>MINISTRY OF LABOR AND SKILLS</b></p>	Document No: OF/MoLS/TVT/029	
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```
<td><button ng-disabled="enableDisableButton">Click Me!</button></td>
```

```
</tr>
```

#### Step 4: Implement the ng-show and ng-hide Directives

- Add two more table rows (<tr>) to the table, each with two table data cells (<td>).

**In the first new row:**

**First <td>:** Create a checkbox and bind it to a variable named showHide1 using ng-model.

**Second <td>:** Add a button and use the ng-show directive, setting its value to showHide1. This button will be visible when the checkbox is checked and hidden when unchecked.

**In the second new row:**

**First <td>:** Create a checkbox and bind it to a variable named showHide2 using ng-model.

**Second <td>:** Add a button and use the ng-hide directive, setting its value to showHide2. This button will be hidden when the checkbox is checked and visible when unchecked.

```
<tr>
```

```
<td><input type="checkbox" ng-model="showHide1">Show Button</td>
```

```
<td><button ng-show="showHide1">Click Me!</button></td>
```

```
</tr>
```

```
<tr>
```

```
<td><input type="checkbox" ng-model="showHide2">Hide Button</td>
```

```
<td><button ng-hide="showHide2">Click Me!</button></td>
```

```
</tr>
```

#### Step 5: Implement the ng-click Directive

- Add another table row (<tr>) with two <td> elements.

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**In the first <td>**, add a paragraph (<p>) to display the text "Total click:" followed by an expression {{ clickCounter }} to show the value of a variable that will keep track of button clicks. Initialize clickCounter to 0 in the ng-init directive in the main div.

**In the second <td>**, add a button with the ng-click directive. Set the value of ng-click to clickCounter = clickCounter + 1. This will increment the value of clickCounter each time the button is clicked.

```
<tr>

<td><p>Total click: {{ clickCounter }}</p></td>

<td><button ng-click="clickCounter = clickCounter + 1">Click Me!</button></td>

</tr>

</table>

</div>
```

### Step 6: Run the Example

- Save the *testAngularJS.htm* file.
- Open the file in a web browser

**Quality Criteria: The output will be:**



### LAP Test

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Time started: \_\_\_\_\_

Time finished: \_\_\_\_\_

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*Instruction:*

Create a simple web application that displays student grades in a table format, allowing users to interact with the table and dynamically modify the display using AngularJS directives.

**Task 1: Display Student Data** The application will initially load and display a table containing student names, subjects, and their corresponding grades.

**Task 2: Add New Students** Users will have the option to add new students to the grade book.

**Task 3: Edit Existing Grades** Users will be able to edit the grades of existing students.

**Task 4: Hide/Show Columns** Provide checkboxes to allow users to show or hide specific columns in the table

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## Unit Three: New Information Analysis

This unit is developed to provide you the necessary information regarding the following content coverage and topics:

- Supervise the collection of system-related data from clients.
- Analyze client feedback and determine new system requirements.
- Document findings, highlighting potential problems and solutions.

This guide will also assist you to attain the learning outcomes stated in the cover page.

Specifically, upon completion of this learning guide, you will be able to:

- Supervise the collection of system-related data from clients.
- Analyze client feedback and determine new system requirements.
- Document findings, highlighting potential problems and solutions.

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### 3.1. Supervise the collection of system-related data from clients.

The process of analyzing new information is a critical step in web development. It ensures that applications are built to align with client needs and industry standards. By systematically gathering data, analyzing client feedback, and documenting findings, developers can create solutions that address potential problems while meeting the project's goals. This phase is essential for identifying gaps, refining requirements, and paving the way for successful project execution.

Collecting system-related data from clients is the foundation of analyzing new information. This step involves engaging with stakeholders to understand their expectations, challenges, and goals. Developers must employ effective communication techniques and tools to gather comprehensive and accurate data.

- **Methods of Data Collection**

Interviews and surveys are among the most effective ways to collect information. For example, a developer working on a new e-commerce platform might interview business owners to understand their priorities, such as seamless payment gateways, user-friendly interfaces, and efficient inventory management. Surveys distributed to end-users can provide insights into their preferences, such as favorite features or pain points in the current platform.

Tools like Google Forms, Type form, and Survey Monkey are widely used to streamline the data collection process. Additionally, direct observation of existing systems in use can reveal areas of inefficiency or opportunities for enhancement. For instance, observing a client's current checkout process might highlight unnecessary steps that lead to cart abandonment.

#### **Example:**

A web development agency tasked with redesigning a hospital management system conducts interviews with administrators, nurses, and patients. Administrators emphasize the need for

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streamlined reporting tools, while nurses request intuitive patient scheduling interfaces. Patients express frustration with limited appointment booking options. These insights form the basis for system improvement.

### 3.2. Analyze client feedback and determine new system requirements

Once data is collected, the next step is to analyze client feedback and translate it into actionable system requirements. This involves identifying patterns, prioritizing needs, and distinguishing between essential features and optional enhancements.

- **Analyzing Feedback for Key Insights**

Analyzing client feedback requires critical thinking and structured methodologies. For example, if multiple stakeholders report difficulty navigating an existing system, it indicates the need for a more intuitive user interface. Developers can use tools like Excel or Tableau to organize feedback, generate reports, and visualize trends.

- **Defining System Requirements**

System requirements are derived from client needs and business goals. These requirements can be categorized into:

**Functional Requirements:** Features the system must perform, such as processing payments or generating reports.

**Non-Functional Requirements:** Attributes like system performance, scalability, and security.

For instance, in the hospital management system example, the analysis might reveal that administrators require automated reporting, nurses need a mobile-friendly interface for scheduling, and patients want a self-service appointment booking portal. These become functional requirements, while ensuring fast load times and data encryption address non-functional needs.

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### Example:

A developer analyzing feedback from an educational platform finds that users frequently request personalized learning paths. Based on this, a new requirement is defined to integrate AI-driven recommendations that suggest courses based on user behavior and goals.

### 3.3. Document findings, highlighting potential problems and solutions.

Clear documentation is essential to ensure that all stakeholders have a shared understanding of the project's direction. This step involves creating a detailed report that summarizes the findings, highlights potential challenges, and proposes solutions.

- **Structure of the Documentation**

A well-structured document typically includes:

1. **Summary of Findings:** A concise overview of key insights from the data collection and analysis phase.
2. **Identified Problems:** Specific challenges or pain points highlighted during analysis.
3. **Proposed Solutions:** Recommendations on how to address each problem, including technical and operational approaches.

- **Highlighting Potential Problems**

Potential issues might include mismatched expectations, outdated infrastructure, or scalability concerns. For instance, if a retail client's current database is unable to handle large volumes of transactions during peak sales, it poses a scalability problem.

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- **Proposing Solutions**

Solutions must be practical, aligned with the client’s goals, and technologically feasible. In the example above, the developer might recommend migrating to a cloud-based database solution like **AWS RDS** to ensure scalability and reliability during high-traffic periods.

**Example:**

A document for an online learning platform project might include:

- **Findings:** Students struggle to find relevant courses due to poor search functionality.
- **Problem:** The existing system lacks advanced filtering options and tagging mechanisms.
- **Solution:** Implement an AI-powered search tool with filters for course difficulty, duration, and topic, ensuring faster and more accurate results.

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### Self-Check 3.1

**I. Read the statement carefully and if the statement is True say TRUE and If the statement is false say FALSE.**

1. Analyzing client feedback is the first step in collecting system-related data.
2. Documentation of findings is optional when analyzing client feedback and system requirements.
3. Direct observation of existing systems can reveal inefficiencies and improvement opportunities.
4. Functional requirements refer to attributes like system performance and security.
5. Tools like Google Forms and Type form can streamline the data collection process.

**II. From the given alternatives choose the best answer for the statement**

1. Which of the following is an example of a functional requirement?
  - A) System scalability
  - B) Processing payments
  - C) Data encryption
  - D) Fast load times
2. What is the primary goal of collecting system-related data from clients?
  - A) To analyze competitor systems
  - B) To understand client expectations, challenges, and goals
  - C) To determine project budgets
  - D) To create promotional materials
3. Which tool is commonly used for organizing client feedback and visualizing trends?
  - A) Google Forms
  - B) Tableau
  - C) AWS RDS
  - D) Selenium

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4. What should be included in the "Summary of Findings" section of documentation?

- A) Code snippets
- B) Key insights from the data collection and analysis phase
- C) Detailed error logs
- D) User manuals

5. What type of requirement addresses system performance and security?

- A) Functional requirements
- B) Technical requirements
- C) Non-functional requirements
- D) Operational requirements

### III. Explain the following briefly

1. Explain how interviews and surveys can be used to collect system-related data from clients and provide an example.
2. Discuss the difference between functional and non-functional requirements, including examples of each.
3. Describe the importance of analyzing client feedback and how tools like Excel or Tableau can assist in this process.

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## Unit Four: System specifications And Standards

This unit is developed to provide you the necessary information regarding the following content coverage and topics:

- Review and update system documentation.
- Collaborate with clients to validate specifications.
- Obtain final approval and sign-off from stakeholders.

This unit will also assist you to attain the learning outcomes stated in the cover page. Specifically, upon completion of this learning guide, you will be able to:

- Review and update system documentation.
- Collaborate with clients to validate specifications.
- Obtain final approval and sign-off from stakeholders.

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#### 4.1. Review and update system documentation

The final stage of system planning and development involves ensuring that all specifications are clearly defined, validated, and approved by stakeholders. This ensures that the project is aligned with client requirements, avoids misunderstandings, and establishes a solid foundation for successful implementation. The process includes reviewing and updating system documentation, collaborating with clients to validate specifications, and obtaining final approval and sign-off from stakeholders. Each of these steps plays a crucial role in ensuring clarity, alignment, and accountability.

System documentation serves as the blueprint for the development process and the reference for future updates or maintenance. Reviewing and updating this documentation ensures that all requirements, designs, and processes are accurately recorded and reflect the most recent changes.

- **Importance of Accurate Documentation**

System documentation must capture every aspect of the system's design, including functional requirements, data flow diagrams, user interfaces, and technical specifications. Accurate documentation prevents misinterpretation during development and provides a reliable guide for developers, testers, and future stakeholders. For instance, a project involving the development of an e-commerce website would include detailed diagrams of the checkout process, database schema, and API specifications for payment gateways.

- **Updating Documentation**

Updates to documentation may arise from client feedback, technological advancements, or changes in project scope. Tools like **Confluence** or **Notion** help maintain centralized, version-controlled documentation that team members can access and edit collaboratively.

**Example:** In a project to build a patient management system, a requirement to add an AI-based symptom checker might emerge after initial planning. Updating the documentation ensures that this new feature is accounted for in system diagrams, user stories, and test cases.

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## 4.2. Collaborate with clients to validate specifications.

Collaborating with clients is a crucial step to ensure that the documented specifications align with their vision and objectives. This process involves engaging in discussions, clarifying ambiguities, and making adjustments based on client feedback.

- **Validation through Collaboration**

Validation ensures that all requirements are understood and agreed upon by both the development team and the client. This collaborative approach reduces the risk of rework and builds trust between parties. Regular meetings, workshops, and live demonstrations help maintain open communication. For example, using mockups or prototypes built with tools like Figma or InVision, developers can walk clients through proposed designs and gather feedback.

- **Incorporating Client Feedback**

Clients often provide valuable insights during validation sessions. A retail business client, for instance, might suggest adding personalized recommendation features to their online store. The development team can refine the specifications to include this feature, ensuring the system meets client expectations.

### Example:

In a project to develop a learning management system, clients may request real-time analytics for student performance. Collaborating with the client helps clarify the types of data to be tracked (e.g., attendance, quiz scores) and ensures that the reporting dashboard design meets their needs.

## 4.3. Obtain final approval and sign-off from stakeholders.

The sign-off process formalizes the agreement between stakeholders and the development team. It marks the end of the planning phase and gives the green light for full-scale implementation.

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- **Steps to Achieve Sign-Off**

Presentation of Final Specifications: Developers prepare a comprehensive document or presentation summarizing all validated requirements, designs, and expected outcomes.

Stakeholder Review: Stakeholders review the presented material to ensure that their requirements and feedback have been fully addressed.

Approval and Sign-Off: Once satisfied, stakeholders provide formal approval, often in the form of a signed document or digital acknowledgment.

- **Importance of Sign-Off**

Sign-off acts as a safeguard against scope creep and misunderstandings. It ensures that any subsequent changes to the project are treated as new requests requiring separate approval. This step also establishes accountability, as all parties agree on the defined scope and objectives.

**Example:**

In the development of a hospital appointment system, obtaining sign-off might involve presenting a detailed workflow of the appointment booking process, complete with user roles, notification mechanisms, and data privacy considerations. Stakeholders such as hospital administrators and IT managers would review the document, provide feedback, and approve it for implementation.

Confirming system specifications is a vital process that ensures alignment, clarity, and accountability in web development projects. Reviewing and updating documentation ensures accuracy and relevance, while client collaboration validates the specifications and fosters mutual understanding. Finally, obtaining formal approval and sign-off provides a definitive agreement that guides the project's execution. By following these steps, developers can minimize risks, strengthen stakeholder relationships, and set the stage for successful project outcomes.

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## Self-Check 4.1

**I. Read the statement carefully and if the statement is True say TRUE and If the statement is false say FALSE.**

1. Accurate system documentation reduces the risk of misinterpretation during development.
2. Tools like Figma and InVision are commonly used to create prototypes for client validation.
3. Collaboration with clients during validation sessions is unnecessary if the documentation is thorough.
4. The sign-off process formalizes the agreement between the development team and stakeholders.
5. System documentation does not need to include changes made due to technological advancements.

**II. From the given alternatives choose the best answer for the statement**

1. What is the primary purpose of system documentation?
  - A) To store client contracts
  - B) To serve as a blueprint for development and reference for future updates (Correct)
  - C) To analyze competitor projects
  - D) To manage budgets for the project
2. Which of the following tools can be used to maintain centralized, version-controlled documentation?
  - A) BrowserStack
  - B) Confluence (Correct)
  - C) Selenium
  - D) Tableau
3. During validation, how can developers engage with clients to gather feedback?
  - A) By creating mockups or prototypes (Correct)
  - B) By avoiding communication until the final product
  - C) By sharing incomplete documents
  - D) By ignoring client suggestions
4. What does the sign-off process ensure?
  - A) That the budget is increased
  - B) That changes after approval require separate agreements (Correct)
  - C) That the development team can bypass client collaboration
  - D) That the project scope is expanded
5. In a learning management system project, clients request real-time analytics for student performance. What is this an example of?
  - A) Ignoring client requirements

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- B) Stakeholder review
- C) Incorporating client feedback (Correct)
- D) Risk mitigation

### III.Explain the following briefly

1. Why is reviewing and updating system documentation essential, and what are the key components it should include?
2. How can collaboration with clients during the validation process prevent misunderstandings and rework?
3. Provide an example of how client feedback can lead to updated system specifications, and explain its importance.
4. Explain the steps involved in obtaining final approval and sign-off from stakeholders, and why this step is critical.

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